REMARKS/ARGUMENTS

Reconsideration and allowance of this application are respectfully requested.

Currently, claims 1-12 are pending in this application.

Allowable Subject Matter:

The Office Action indicated that claims 4-10 and 12 were objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but held that these claims would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims. By this Amendment, claims 4, 6 and 12 have been rewritten in independent form. Claim 5 depends from claim 4 and claims 7-10 depend at least indirectly from claim 6. Claims 4-10 and 12 are therefore allowable.

Rejections Under 35 U.S.C. §103:

Claims 1 and 11 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103(a) as allegedly being unpatentable over either Crawford et al (U.S. '165, hereinafter "Crawford") or Hagiwara et al (JP '427, hereinafter "Hagiwara") in view of Vora et al (U.S. '825, hereinafter "Vora"). Applicant respectfully traverses this rejection.

In order to establish a prima facie case of obviousness, all of the claim limitations must be taught or suggested by the prior art. Applicant respectfully submits that the combination of Crawford (or Hagiwara) in view of Vora fails to teach or suggest all of the claim limitations. For example, the combinations of cited references fail to teach or suggest a slot armor component comprising a plurality of

¹ An English translation of Hagiwara is attached hereto.

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profile co-extruded polymer layers, as explicitly required by claim 1 and claims 2-3 and 11 which depend therefrom.

This feature is supported by, for example, paragraph [0035] of the originally-filed specification which states in part:

"Polymer layers 1-3 are chemically bonded together through a profile co-extrusion process. Polymer layers 1-3 are thus chemically bonded together through a melt stage of the profile co-extrusion process so that no adhesive is needed for bonding at the interfaces between polymer layers 1 and 2 and polymer layers 1 and 3."

The Office Action alleges "Crawford, or individually alternate ref Hagiwara, each discloses a slot armor comprising a plurality of profile co-extruded polymer layers (Crawford's 37 & 39, Hagiwara's 3a1-3a2)...." (See page 2, last paragraph of the Office Action). Applicant disagrees with this allegation.

Crawford discloses adjacent sheets 37 and 39 formed of dielectric material. While adjacent sheets 37 and 39 are associated in an overlaying relationship, Crawford fails to disclose or even suggest that sheets 37 and 39 form a profile of coextruded polymer layers. Indeed, instead of sheets 37 and 39 being chemically bonded together through a profile co-extruded process, sheets 37 and 39 are associated with each other by engaging cuffs 69, 69a on sheet 39 to opposite marginal edges 55, 55a of sheet 37. (See col. 7, lines 56-68 and Fig. 5). Sheets 37 and 39 are therefore not profile co-extruded polymer layers.

Similarly, layers 3a1 and 3a2 of Hagiwara are not profile co-extruded polymer layers. As will be appreciated from the attached English translation, no portion of

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Hagiwara discloses profile co-extruded polymer layers at all. If anything, Figs. 2 and 3 illustrating layers 3a1 and 3a2 suggest that these layers are not profile co-extruded polymer layers. For example, layer 3a1 is shown as having apertures 9, whereas layer 3a2 does not include any such apertures.

The Office Action fails to provide any specific support that layers 37 and 39 of Crawford and/or layers 3a1 and 3a2 of Hagiwara disclose profile co-extruded polymer layers. Applicant submits that there is no such teaching in either of these references. If the Examiner maintains the rejection in view of these references, Applicant respectfully requests that the next Office Action specifically identify (i.e., what col. and line number(s) and/or what Fig(s).) of Crawford and/or Hagiwara discloses this feature.

Vora discloses "The polymers may be cast as films useful as wire and cable wraps, motor slot liners or flexible printed circuit substrates." (See col. 11, line 67 to col. 12, line 11). However, Vora fails to teach or suggest a profile of co-extruded polymer layers. Accordingly, Vora fails to remedy the above described deficiencies of Crawford and Hagiwara. Even if any of these references were combined as proposed by the Office Action, the combination would not have taught or suggested all of the claim limitations.

Accordingly, Applicant respectfully submits that claims 1 and 11 are not "obvious" over Crawford or Hagiwara in view of Vora and respectfully requests that the rejection of these claims under 35 U.S.C. §103 be withdrawn.

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Claims 2-3 were rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as allegedly being

unpatentable over Crawford or Hagiwara in view of Vora and further in view of

Kaminski (U.S. '064). Applicant respectfully traverses this rejection. Since claims 2-

3 depend from claim 1, all of the arguments made above with respect to claim 1 apply

equally to claims 2-3. Kaminski fails to remedy the above described deficiencies of

Crawford, Hagiwara and Vora. Applicant therefore respectfully requests that the

rejection of these claims under 35 U.S.C. §103 be withdrawn.

Conclusion:

Applicant believes that this entire application is in condition for allowance and

respectfully requests a notice to this effect. If the Examiner has any questions or

believes that an interview would further prosecution of this application, the Examiner

is invited to telephone the undersigned.

Respectfully submitted,

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ABSTRACT/PURPOSE:

To reduce the abrasion of the coil insulating layer of a stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction, by forming slot liners with the two lavers of a coil side slot liner on the stator coil side and a core side slot liner on the stator core side.

点 益 4

発児の允符 回胞乳液の回応子称評証状の熱阻

1. 固定子核心と、この固定子核心のスロット内に有入された固定子コイルと、これら固定子コイルと、したら固定子コイルと、したら固定子コイルと、これら固定子コインサイナーとを値入たった、一部四位に対して、 前部回流子コイル部のコイル個スロットライナーと、 前部回流子コイル部のコイル個スロットライナーと、 前部回流子は不ら回の核心間スロットライナーと、 さの強固に光的にコイル風スロットライナーを、 その韓国に光を設け、 かつ顕維社で強掴したことを維徴とする回信を残り固定と

conduct lubricant or a kind of dry lubricant.

5、 酒品資金などの食品資材、半等原在液面材の少なくとも前的発性資格などある物件解決の範囲第1項記錄の回転性機の固定子。 おりりまんな場所

(発明の利用分野) 本発明の回転電機の固定子に関するものである。

Field of the invention:

and the like. The slot liners 3a are formed with the two layers of a coil side slot liner Slots 9 are arranged on the wall surface of the coil side slot liner 3a1, and the wall 3al on the stator coil 2 side and a core side slot liner 3a2 on the stator core 1 side. stator core 1, slot liners 3a inserted between the stator core 1 and the stator coil 2, (2) The lubricant is the combination of a kind of dry lubricant and a kind of semisurface is treated with lubricant 10. As a result, the abrasion of the coil insulating (1) A stator is provided with a stator core 1, a stator coil 2 are into the slot of the layer of the stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction is reduced

Field of the invention:

A stator core of a stator

(我明の背景)

にのように結成された回転電機の固定子で固定子を固定子を1のスロット内の固定子コイル2は、過程中の債践力等の強制力や過転による超度上昇によってスロット内あるにはスロット外にも伸びる際の経済を生じて、その固定子コイル2の固定が圧力が低下する。また、固定子コイル2の総件超による外被結験超とスロット競さるにはスロット内介在総級形との経数により、コイル総線圏8を解結

ところで、技来の固定子コイル2を包囲するスロットライナー3はスロット国との被数を減め、

接着不良によるグロー放配を防止し、スロット内に固定子コイル2を確実に拝圧固定するもので固定子コイル2の整体器に対しては無値で、固定子コイル2の長手方向の条件額に対しては低値で、固定子国イル2の長手方向の条件額に対してコイル路線局8の保護が不確であした。

Background of the invention:

Figure 4 shows the conventional stator core. Each parts are shown as Figure 4;

- 1: A stator is provided with a stator core
- 2: a stator coil inserted into the slot of the stator core 1
- 3. slot liner

3a: slot liners inserted between the stator core 1 and the stator coil 2

The slot liners 3a are formed with the two layers of a coil side slot liner 3a1 on the stator coil 2 side and a core side slot liner 3a2 on the stator core 1 side.

3a1: a coil side slot liner on the stator coil 2 side

3a2: a core side slot liner on the stator core 1 side

- 4: slot liners of the bottom part
- 5: liners of each layers
- 6: adjusted liner on the wedge
 - 7: wedge
- 8: insulation layer of coil
- 9: slots (holes) arranged on the wall surface of the coil side slot liner 3al and the wall surface is treated with lubricant 10.
- 10: lubricant

A stator core 1 and a stator coil 2 get a thermal expansion because of electromagnetic field, electromagnetic induction, etc during driving and stopping.

The pressure of fixing on a stator coil 2 is reduced by the thermal expansion or contraction.

The abrasion of the coil insulating layer of the stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction is reduced.

In the case of conventional stator, slot liners 3 have a function of protection glow electric occurred by a poor contact. But the slot liners 3 of conventional stator were incompetent expansion or contraction. There was no protection of the abrasion of the coil insulating discharge by the pressure of fixing on a stator coil 2. The electric discharge will be for the protection of the reducing pressure of fixing on a stator coil 2 by the thermal layer 8 of the stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction.

(発明の目的)

本発明は以上の点に値みなされたものであり、低価値による固定子コイルのコイル過載層の摩結位減を可能とした回転電機の固定子を提供することを目的とするものである。

Purpose of the invention:

This invention is concerned about the above. To reduce the abrasion of the coil insulating layer of a stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction, by forming slot liners with the two layers of a coil side slot liner on the stator coil side and a core side slot liner on the stator core

(松配の瓶駅)

すなむち本発明は固定子族心と、この固定子族心のスロット内に挿入された固定子は一んでしてには、これの国には入れてのでには入れた。これ、スロットウイナーとを備えた回転電機の固定子において、 前記スロットウイナーを、前記固定子コイル面のコイル個スロットウイナーと、 前記固定子を決心回の核心回スロットウイナーとの2階に、 第20コイル風スロットウィナーを、その疑固に孔を設け、かつ結絡技で発過した。

Outline of the invention:

A stator is provided with a stator core 1, a stator coil 2 are into the slot of the stator core 1, slot liners 3a inserted between the stator core 1 and the stator coil 2, and the like. The slot liners 3a are formed with the two layers of a coil side slot liner 3a1 on the stator coil 2 side and a core side slot liner 3a2 on the stator core 1 side. Slots 9 (holes) are arranged on the wall surface of the coil side slot liner 3a1, and the wall surface is treated with lubricant 10. As a result, the abrasion of the coil insulating layer of the stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction is

ことも参数とするものであり、これによつたメロシトンイナー共総金額郡の国紀チコイルを日爺に都軽させるようになる。

「常路の牧猫包)

以下、因次した実施会に移うに不会組まれる。 する。 第1回から毎3回には本税場の一実施会が いされている。 なお保操と国に毎品には同じ等事 を付したのに設局を金銭する。 本規格金には同じ等事 のイン・ウイナー 3 a. と、超原十数な1回の のと状に、ロインを2 d. と、超原子数な1回の なら個スロットウイナー 3 a. と、超原子数な1回の 数も個別によりを設け、かり適番は10で過度 た。このようにするにたによりメロット・イナー 3 a. は回路・コイル2回のコイルの対してウイナー コート 1 a. と、2000 ロイルーシャーナー 子コイア2や円指に指拠されるようになり、戦争指示 イン2のビイア2のコイア高級 20の 野坑角滅木 三級とした回復戦後の固治子を移ることが行きまる。

が設けられ、かつ践者な10で必要されるようになって、メロントライナー39は発格を認用の固定

人が怠くロシャサイナーのa゚ 許もの質問に先8

ナー3~を凝縮した原金の図が子コイル2をもソトし、セツト後は版四サイナー6を関まスロントラスナー3~を凝破した上部の図が子コイルとを

Example of the invention:

Example of the invention is shown in Figure1, 2, 3. The number of the parts of the new stator (Figure 1) which is the same as conventional one (Figure 4). The explanation of these parts is omitted. The slot liners 3a inserted between the stator core 1 and the stator coil 2 (shown as Figure

The coil side slot liner 3a1 on the stator coil 2 side has slots 9 (holes) arranged on the wall The slot liners 3a are formed with the two layers of a coil side slot liner 3a1 on the stator coil 2 side and a core side slot liner 3a2 on the stator core 1 side (shown as Figure 1). surface treated with lubricant 10 (shown as Figure 2)

The slot liners 3a make the stator coil 2 move smoothly, when they get the thermal The core side slot liner 3a2 is on the stator core 1 side (shown as Figure 1, 3)

expansion or contraction.

As a result, the abrasion of the coil insulating layer 8 of the stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction is reduced The slots 9 (holes) on the coil side slot liner 3a1 leave a appropriate space and have a appropriate diameter (shown as Figure 2)

The ethylene fluoride (4), for example 'Yun-no S' produced by Valqua Industries in JAPAN, is painted on the both side of the coil side slot liner 3a1.

First, the stator coil 2 is wrapped by the coil side slot liner 3a1 (inside), and then, is wrapped by the core side slot liner 3a2 (outside). And then, slot liners of the bottom part 4 and the stator coil 2 wrapped by the slot liners 3a are installed in the the stator 1.

Next, liners of each layers 5 and another stator coil 2 wrapped by the slot liners 3a are installed in the the stator 1.

ちシトする。その後は既にウエシジ下用戦戦ライ ナー6の繁樹およびセツト、ウエシジへの打込み を行い、スロツト内作業を殆了する。このように の孔8郎に商幣材10を包含できるので、固定子 コイル2の乾年盛に込おして資給な10を因が子 3 e z の数面に供給できるようになり、安定した 固にコイプ2の指数ができ、ロイガ結線断8の新 耗を低級することができる。すなわちコイル倒ス ロツトライナー 3 a 1 と固定子コイル2 および鉄 **今個スロントライナー38~ との拾り作用が街上** するようになつた、国館平コイル2の東越転に超 3 a による固紀子コイル2の政争方面の転毎値に **灶ナやコイル拡禁版 B の保膜や 3 ヘからいかかわ** ナるにとによりコイル個スロシャシイナー3g1 勢作用の稿枠が可信となり、スロシトゥイナー コイア2の戦阻および殺ふ鼠スロシドレイナ

なお米栄活色では超光な10m日本バルカー製コノソーSなどの乾色調整なも使用した場合にしいて設思したが、乾色遊浴なに半路に在遊点はや

禄位して使用するようにしたもよい、このようにすることによりメロジト内のグロー校覧の衛生を容能することができる。

Next, the adjusted liner on the wedge 6 and the wedge 7 are installed.

As a result, The slot liners 3a make the stator coil 2 move smoothly, when they get the thermal expansion or contraction. And , the abrasion of the coil insulating layer 8 of the stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction is reduced. The stator coil 2 becomes very stable in the long term with sliding the coil side slot liner 3a1 and the core side slot liner 3a2

And, the abrasion of the coil insulating layer 8 of the stator coil due to thermal expansion or contraction is reduced.

In this case, 'Yun-no S' produced by Valqua Industries are used.

Not only a dry lubricant but also a dry lubricant added to semi-conduct lubricant can reduce the electric discharge between the slot liner and a stator coil.

As aforesaid, the abrasion of the coil insulating layer of the stator coil due to thermal

We can get a stator for rotary electric machine which has high-resistance of thermal

expansion or contraction is reduced.

Effect of the invention:

expansion or contraction.

(地路の効果)

上述のように本苑のは熱音曲による固定チョイアのコイア路線面の摩筋が麻漑されるようになって、発音艦による固定チョイアのコイア路線面の摩苑保護を可能にした回覧職務の固定子を結るにしができる。

国国の信申な説明

年1回江本格思の回版開稿の昭紀十の一枚括金の成素を同国回、第2回江回に<一枚箔金のコイルのスコントウイナーの登哉回、第3回江西に<一枚街路のおからは、1、10、12を4回には、2。10、12を4つが、8。11、10、12を4つが、8。11、10、11の11のでは、9。11、10、12を4つが、8。11、10、12を4つが、8。11、10、12を4つが、8。11、10、12を4つが、8。11、10、12を4つが、8に11、10、12を4

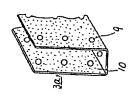


Figure 3 # 3 E

Figure 2 第 2 因

0

然

Figure 1

Explanation of the Figures:

1: A stator is provided with a stator core

2: a stator coil inserted into the slot of the stator core 1

3: slot liners

3a: slot liners inserted between the stator core 1 and the stator coil 2

The slot liners 3a are formed with the two layers of a coil side slot liner 3a1 on the stator coil 2 side and a core side slot liner 3a2 on the stator core 1 side.

3a1: a coil side slot liner on the stator coil 2 side

4 3

ÞΕ

Figure 4

3a2: a core side slot liner n the stator core 1 side

4: slot liners of the bottom part

5: liners of each layers

6: adjusted liner on the wedge

7: wedge

8: insulation layer of coil

9: slots arranged on the wall surface of the coil side slot liner 3a1 and the wall surface is treated with lubricant 10.

0: lubricant